

# World Energy 2015

Global Methane Emissions Washington D.C., 29 March 2016





> What is the global outlook for natural gas and methane emissions?

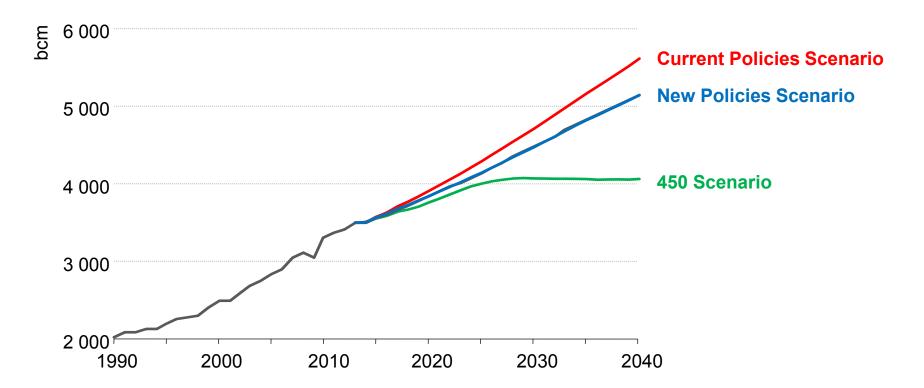
> What is the role of methane emissions in the climate change debate?

> What is the IEA planning on doing on methane emissions from oil and gas?

## Plain sailing for natural gas?



### World natural gas demand by scenario

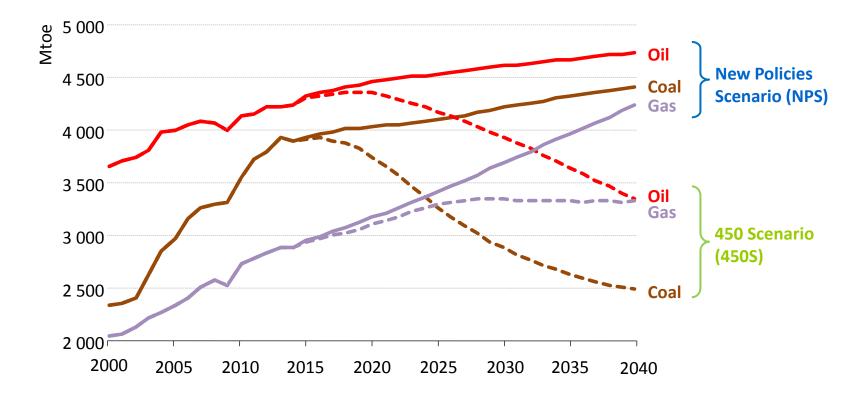


## Global gas demand grows in all scenarios; in the New Policies Scenario demand of 5.2 tcm in 2040 brings gas towards parity with coal & oil in the global energy mix

## Gas retains a global foothold in a stronger climate policy scenario



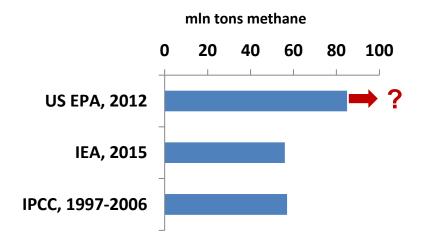
### **Global fossil-fuel demand by scenario**



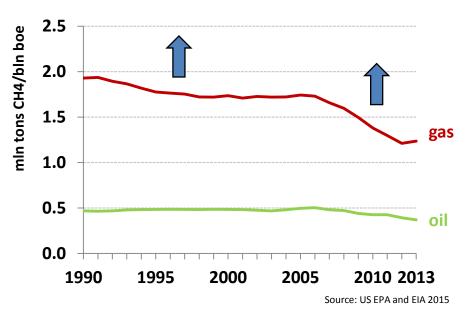
### Where it replaces more carbon-intensive fuels or aids the integration of renewables, natural gas can be a good fit for a gradually decarbonising energy system

### What are the trends in methane emissions World Gutlook Energy 2015

### Global methane emissions from oil and gas industry



US methane emissions trend for oil and gas industry

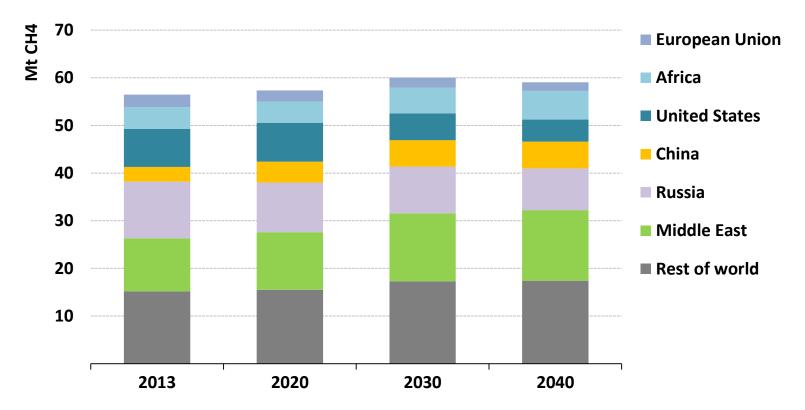


Global emission estimates vary widely – due to lack of data and inconsistent measurement methods US data suggests an overall declining trend in methane emission factors over the last 20 years.

## Methane emissions: a credibility issue for natural gas?

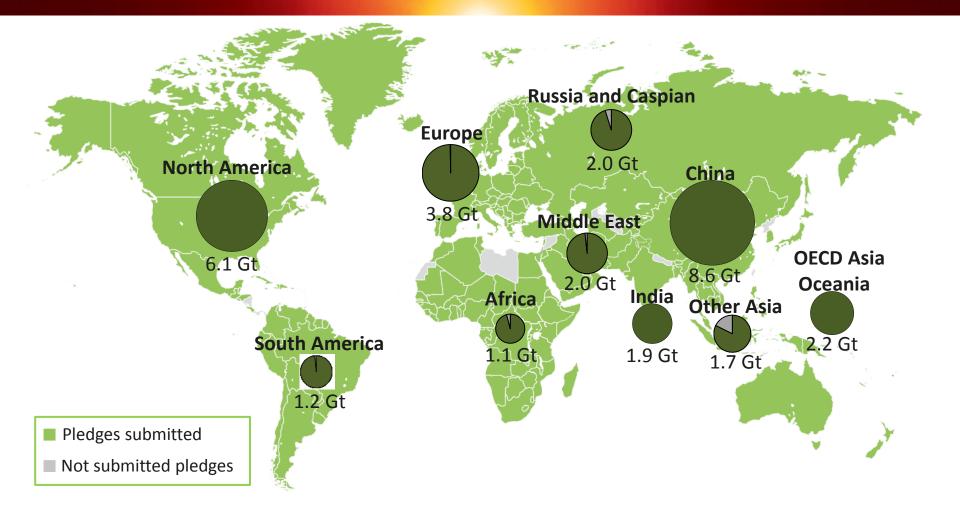


### Global methane emissions from the oil & gas sector by region in NPS



## Fugitive methane emissions from the global oil & gas sector remain high, despite advances & pledges by some countries to reduce emissions

## The coverage of CP21 climate pledges is impressive...



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### Pledges from countries that account for 95% of global energy-related GHG emissions; their full implementation would be consistent with a temperature rise of 2.7 °C

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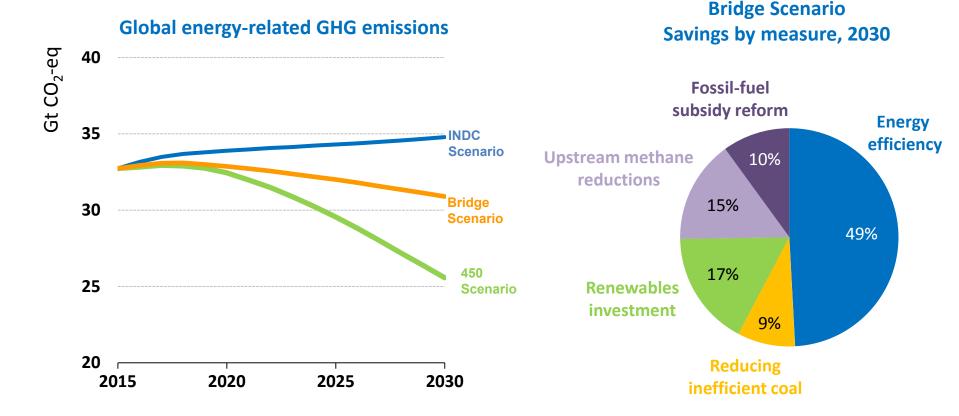
The INDCs of **four countries** specifically mention methane emission:

USA: achieve a 40-45% reduction in methane emissions from 2012 levels by 2025 from oil and gas production

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Canada, Mexico and Gabon: reduce methane emissions from oil and gas production

## **COP21 Bridge Scenario:** peak in GHG emissions in next 5 years



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### IEA proposed five measures – shown in a "Bridge Scenario" – using only proven technologies & without harming economic growth

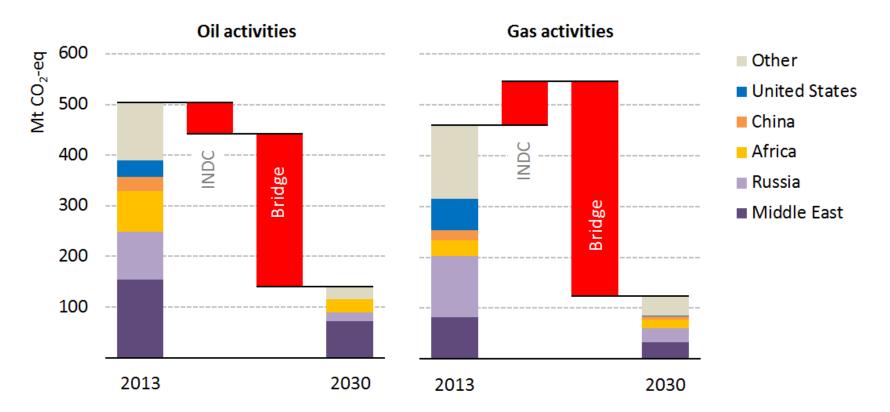
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#### Global oil and gas upstream methane emissions and required reductions

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Reductions are achievable with existing technologies but implementation will take time

### What is the IEA planning to do next?

- Global modeling of methane emissions has a high degree of uncertainty. Just like most organizations, the IEA relies on measurements and data collected by others.
- In absence of new and more comprehensive data, focus will shift towards outlining best practices for policy recommendations.
- The IEA seeks inputs from energy sector stakeholders in exploring the topic further.

### Summary



- Addressing climate change is imperative and reducing methane emissions is one of the key measures that can help secure a peak in global GHG emissions by 2020 and thus provide a reasonable chance of limiting global warming by 2degC.
- Technologies for reducing methane emissions are available but action is required now to achieve a peak in emissions.

### Challenges ahead:

- > The global and regional extent of methane emissions is still poorly understood.
- How can we tackle the more difficult and costly emission sources?
- > Availability of cheap but reliable constant monitoring solutions?
- What remote sensing technologies can be used globally to identify major sources and track progress?

### The discussion and actions are progressing, albeit at a slow pace.



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